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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method of making a 1-alkylindazole comprising:
 - (a) the nitrosation and reduction-cyclization of a 2alkylaminobenzonitrile to form a 1-alkyl-3-aminoindazole; and (b)
 - (b) deamination of the 1-alkyl-3-aminoindazole to form a 1-alkylindazole.
- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the 1-alkylindazole is a 1-(hydroxyalkyl)indazole.
- 3. The method of Claim 2 wherein the (hydroxyalkyl)indazole has the formula:

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^4

- wherein R is a C₂ to C₁₂ (hydroxy)alkyl group optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, (dimethylamino)phenyl, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, or with one or more F atoms;
 - R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are independently H, F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OH, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, NO₂, CN, N₃, SH, S(O)_nR⁵, C(=O)R⁵, COOH, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, C₁ to C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, (dimethylamino)phenyl, C(=O)R⁵, COOH, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, or N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵; or R¹ and R² as herein defined taken together form a ring, or R² and R³ as herein defined taken together form a ring;
 - R⁵ is C₁ to C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, (dimethylamino)phenyl, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, or with one or more F atoms, or R⁵ is phenyl, methoxyphenyl, or (dimethylamino)phenyl; and

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n = 0, 1, or 2.

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- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein R is a C_2 to C_6 (hydroxy)alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, OR^5 , $N(R^5)C(=O)R^5$, $N(R^5)C(=O)OR^5$, or with one or more F atoms;
- R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are independently H, F, Cl, CF₃, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, NO₂, CN, C(=O)R⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, C₁ to C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, C(=O)R⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, or N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵; or R¹ and R² as herein defined taken together form a ring, or R² and R³ as herein defined taken together form a ring;

 R^5 is C_1 to C_6 alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, methoxy, benzyloxy, or with one or more F atoms.

5. A 1-alkyl-3-amino indazole having the formula

wherein R is a C₂ to C₁₂ (hydroxy)alkyl group optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, (dimethylamino)phenyl, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, or with one or more F atoms; R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are independently H, F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OH, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, NO₂, CN, N₃, SH, S(O)_nR⁵, C(=O)R⁵, COOH, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, C₁ to C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, (dimethylamino)phenyl, C(=O)R⁵, COOH, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, or N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵; or R¹ and R² as herein defined taken together form a ring, or R³ and R⁴ as herein defined taken together form a ring;

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 R^5 is C_1 to C_6 alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, (dimethylamino)phenyl, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, or with one or more F atoms, or R^5 is phenyl, methoxyphenyl, or (dimethylamino)phenyl; and n = 0, 1, or 2.

6. The compound of claim 5, wherein

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R is a C_2 to C_6 (hydroxy)alkyl group optionally substituted with phenyl, OR^5 , $N(R^5)C(=O)R^5$, $N(R^5)C(=O)OR^5$, or with one or more F atoms;

- R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are independently H, F, Cl, CF₃, OR⁵, OC(=O)R⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵, NO₂, CN, C(=O)R⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, C₁ to C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, C(=O)R⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, OR⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, OC(=O)OR⁵, N(R⁵)₂, N(R⁵)C(=O)R⁵, or N(R⁵)C(=O)OR⁵; or R¹ and R² as herein defined taken together form a ring, or R³ and R⁴ as herein defined taken together form a ring; and
- R⁵ is C₁ to C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl, methoxyphenyl, methoxy, benzyloxy, or with one or more F atoms, or R⁵ is phenyl or methoxyphenyl.